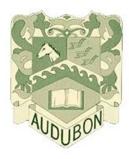
Audubon Public Schools



Grade 6: Social Studies

Curriculum Guide

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Course Description

Grade 6: Social Studies

In grade 6 Social Studies, students build upon K-4 foundational content. Through instruction in World History/Global Studies, students begin to analyze the implications of government structures and economic policies for individuals, communities, nations, and global relationships. Students focus on culture, early man (4000-1000 BCE), classical civilizations of the Mediterranean World (1000 BCE-600 CE), and the Middle Ages (500 CE-1450, 1350-1700 CE) to find the similarities and differences between these cultures. The study of migratory patterns and belief systems that in the past led to cooperation and conflict among groups of people enable students to realize the significance of cultural transmission in today's global society. Relevant activities that help students connect content knowledge to current issues and that promote service learning empower students to become civic-minded and socially active.

Overview / Progressions

Overview	Focus Indicator #	Companion Standards (ELA)
Unit 1 Financial Literacy		6.NS.C.5,6.NS.C7b6.NS.B.3
Unit 2 Culture/ Early Man	 6.1.12.D.3.e 6.2.8.A.1.a 6.2.8.B.1.a 6.2.8.C.1.a 6.2.8.C.1.b 6.2.8.D.1.a 6.2.8.D.1.c 	 RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RL.6.9 W.6.1 W.6.2 W.6.7 W.6.8
Unit 3 Ancient Mesopota mia	 6.2.8.A.2.a 6.2.8.B.2.a 6.2.8.B.2.b 6.2.8.C.2.a 6.2.8.D.2.a 6.2.8.D.2.b 6.2.8.D.2.b 6.2.8.D.2.c 	 RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RL.6.9 W.6.1 W.6.2 W.6.7 W.6.8
Unit 4	6.2.8.A.2.a6.2.8.A.2.b	RH.6-8.1RH.6-8.2

Ancient Egypt	 6.2.8.B.2.a 6.2.8.B.2.b 6.2.8.C.2.a 6.2.8.D.2.a 6.2.8.D.2.b 6.2.8.D.2.c 6.2.8.D.2.d 	 RL.6.9 W.6.1 W.6.2 W.6.7 W.6.8
Unit 5 Ancient Greece	 6.2.8.A.3.b 6.2.8.A.3.c 6.2.8.A.3.d 6.2.8.A.3.e 6.2.8.B.3.a 6.2.8.B.3.b 6.2.8.C.3.a 6.2.8.C.3.b 6.2.8.D.3.a 6.2.8.D.3.c 6.2.8.D.3.e 	 RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RL.6.9 W.6.1 W.6.2 W.6.7 W.6.8
Unit 6 Ancient Rome	 6.2.8.A.3.b 6.2.8.A.3.c 6.2.8.A.3.d 6.2.8.A.3.e 6.2.8.B.3.a 6.2.8.C.3.a 6.2.8.C.3.b 6.2.8.D.3.a 6.2.8.D.3.c 6.2.8.D.3.c 	 RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RL.6.9 W.6.1 W.6.2 W.6.7 W.6.8

Unit 7 Middle Ages	 6.2.8.A.4.a 6.2.8.A.4.b 6.2.8.B.4.a 6.2.8.B.4.e 6.2.8.B.4.f 6.2.8.C.4.a 6.2.8.C.4.b 6.2.8.D.4. a 6.2.8.D.4.b 6.2.8.D.4.c 6.2.8.D.4.d 6.2.8.D.4.f 6.2.8.D.4.g 	 RH.6-8.1 RH.6-8.2 RL.6.9 W.6.1 W.6.2 W.6.7 W.6.8 	
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Social Studies	Grade 6	Unit 1 Financial	Trimester 2
		Literacy	
		(Budget/Savings)	

	Focus Indicator		
9.1.8.B.2	Construct a simple personal savings and spending plan based on various sources of income		
9.1.8.B.3	Justify the concept of "paying yourself first" as a financial savings strategy.		
9.1.8.B.4	Relate the concept of deferred gratification to [investment,] meeting financial goals, and building wealth.		
9.1.8.B.5	Explain the effect of the economy on personal income, individual and family security, and consumer decisions.		
9.1.8.B.7	Construct a budget to save for long-term, short-term, and charitable goals.		
9.1.8.B.8	Develop a system for keeping and using financial records.		
9.1.8.B.9	Determine the most appropriate use of various financial products and services (e.g., ATM, debit cards, credit cards, check books).		
9.1.8.B.10	Justify safeguarding personal information when using credit cards, banking electronically, or filing forms.		
9.1.8.B.11	Evaluate the appropriate financial institutions to assist with meeting various personal financial needs and goals.		
9.1.8.D.1	Determine how saving contributes to financial well-being.		
9.1.8.D.2	Differentiate among various savings tools and how to use them most effective		
	Companion Standards		
6.NS.C.5	Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions		
	or values (e.g., temperature above/below zero, elevation above/below sea level, credits/debits, positive/negative		

	electric charge); use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation.
6.NS.C.7b	Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in real-world contexts.
6.NS.B.3	Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit decimals using the standard algorithm for each operation.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
Entrance/Exit Slip	Project-Based Learning
• Quiz	
 Interactive Banking Activities 	
https://handsonbanking.org/teens/budgeting/introduction/budget	
<u>ing-introduction/</u>	
Suggested Primary Resources	Suggested Supplemental Resources
 Hands On Banking for Teens 	 Teachers Pay Teachers resources
 https://handsonbanking.org/wp- 	
content/uploads/2019/03/MiddleSchool_BudgetingtoRea	
chaFinancialGoal.pdf	
 https://handsonbanking.org/wp- 	
content/uploads/2019/03/ElementarySchool_SpendingSa	
vingandGivingBack.pdf	
 https://handsonbanking.org/wp- 	
content/uploads/2019/03/MiddleSchool_IncludingCharit	
yDonationsinYourBudget.pdf	
 https://handsonbanking.org/teens/budgeting/introduction 	
/budgeting-introduction/	
<u>NJ Career Education Resources</u>	

Personal Finance Toolbox	
Cross-Curricul	lar Connections
 Understanding of rational numbers on a number line 	
Fluency with decimals	
Enduring Understanding	Essential Questions
 Fiscal knowledge, habits, and skills must be mastered in order 	Why is it important to create a spending plan or budget?
for students to make informed decisions about personal finance.	 What strategies can be used to differentiate needs versus wants,
Financial literacy is an integral component of a student's college prioritizing the spending of a limited income, opportunit	
and career readiness, enabling students to achieve fulfilling, and differences in household spending by age, geographic	
financially-secure, and successful careers.	location, and other factors?

Differentiation				
504	 preferential seating extended time on tests and assignments reduced homework or classwork verbal, visual, or technology aids 	 modified textbooks or audio-video materials behavior management support adjusted class schedules or grading verbal testing 		
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection 	 Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals 		
IEP	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Graphic organizers 	 Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors 		

ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge 	 Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers 	
At-risk	Purposeful seatingCounselor involvementParent involvement	ContractsAlternate assessmentsHands-on learning	
	21st Century	Skills	
• Inno	 Creativity Innovation Critical Thinking Problem Solving Communication Collaboration 		
	Integrating To	echnology	
ChromebooksInternet researchOnline programs		 Virtual collaboration and projects Presentations using presentation hardware and software 	

Social Studies	Grade 6	Unit 2	Trimester 2
		Culture/Early Man	

Focus Indicator			
6.1.12.D.3.e	Determine the impact of religious and social movements on the development of American culture, literature, and art.		
6.2.8.A.1.a	Compare and contrast the social organization, natural resources, and land use of early hunters/gatherers and those who lived in early agrarian societies.		
6.2.8.B.1.a	Explain the various migratory patterns of hunters/gatherers that moved from Africa to Eurasia, Australia, and the Americas, and describe the impact of migration on their lives and on the shaping of societies.		
6.2.8.C.1.a	Describe the influence of the agricultural revolution (e.g., the impact of food surplus from farming) on population growth and the subsequent development of civilizations.		
6.2.8.C.1.b	Determine the impact of technological advancements on hunter/gatherer and agrarian societies.		
6.2.8.D.1.a	Demonstrate an understanding of pre-agricultural and post-agricultural periods in terms of relative length of time.		
6.2.8.D.1.b	Describe how the development of both written and unwritten languages impacted human understanding, development of culture, and social structure.		
6.2.8.D.1.c	Explain how archaeological discoveries are used to develop and enhance understanding of life prior to written records.		
	Companion Standards		
RH.6-8.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.		
RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.		

RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background			
	knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in			
	terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.			
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.			
	A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.			
	B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an			
	understanding of the topic or text.			
	C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.			
	D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.			
	E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented			
W.6.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the			
	selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and			
	information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text			
	features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic			
	with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use			
	appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and			
	domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic			
	style, approach, and form. F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or			
	explanation presented			
W.6.7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when			
	appropriate.			
W.6.8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and			
	quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic			
	bibliographic information for sources.			

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments	
Social Studies Centers	• Test	
 Discussions 	Common Assessment	
 Quizzes 	• Essay	
Student Responses	• Project	
 Entrance/Exit Slips 		
Suggested Primary Resources	Suggested Supplemental Resources	
•	Ancient Civilizations Interactive Notebook	
	 Ancient Civilization Reading Passages 	
	 Ancient Civilization STEM Activities 	
	Mr. Corwin YouTube Videos	
	Online Resources	
	 6th Grade Social Studies Google Drive 	
Cross-Curricu	lar Connections	
 Informational reading in social studies. 		
 Informational writing in social studies using similar structures. 		
Consistent Academic Language		
Enduring Understanding	Essential Questions	
• Every culture has unique and specific elements which define it.	Why is it valuable to study the evolution of culture?	
Studying past cultures helps us understand and appreciate	What significant connection does the culture of Early Man have	
present cultures.	to me?	
 Many changes took place as human beings began to live longer 		
and began to move to different places. Prehistoric cultures give		
us an understanding of why we follow certain rituals and why		
we behave in certain ways.		
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Differentiation

504	 preferential seating extended time on tests and assignments reduced homework or classwork verbal, visual, or technology aids 	 modified textbooks or audio-video materials behavior management support adjusted class schedules or grading verbal testing
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection 	 Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals
IEP	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Graphic organizers 	 Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors
ELLS	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge 	 Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
At-risk	 Purposeful seating Counselor involvement Parent involvement 	ContractsAlternate assessmentsHands-on learning

21st Century Skills				
 Creativity Innovation Critical Thinking Problem Solving Communication Collaboration 				
Integrating Technology				
 Chromebooks Internet research Online programs Virtual collaboration and projects Presentations using presentation hardware as software 				

Social Studies	Grade 6	Unit 3 Ancient	Trimester 2
		Mesopotamia	

	Focus Indicator				
6.2.8.A.2.a	Explain how/why different early river valley civilizations developed similar forms of government and legal structures.				
6.2.8.A.2.b	Determine the role of slavery in the economic and social structures of early river valley civilizations.				
6.2.8.B.2.a	Determine the extent to which geography influenced settlement, the development of trade networks, technological innovations, and the sustainability of early river valley civilizations.				
6.2.8.B.2.b	Compare and contrast physical and political maps of early river valley civilizations and their modern counterparts (i.e., Mesopotamia and Iraq; Ancient Egypt and Modern Egypt; Indus River Valley and Modern Pakistan/India; Ancient China and Modern China), and determine the geopolitical impact of these civilizations, then and now.				
6.2.8.C.2.a	Explain how technological advancements led to greater economic specialization, improved weaponry, trade, and the development of a class system in early river valley civilizations.				
6.2.8.D.2.a	Analyze the impact of religion on daily life, government, and culture in various early river valley civilizations.				
6.2.8.D.2.b	Explain how the development of written language transformed all aspects of life in early river valley civilizations.				
6.2.8.D.2.c	Analyze the factors that led to the rise and fall of various early river valley civilizations and determine whether there was a common pattern of growth and decline.				
6.2.8.D.2.d	Evaluate the importance and enduring legacy of the major achievements of the early river valley civilizations over time.				
	Companion Standards				
RH.6-8.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.				

RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the			
	source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.			
RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background			
	knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in			
	terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.			
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	A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.			
	B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an			
	understanding of the topic or text.			
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	explanation presented			
W.6.7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when			
	appropriate.			
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Cross-Curricul	ar Connections		
 Informational reading in social studies. 	Informational reading in social studies.		
 Informational writing in social studies using similar structures. 			
Consistent Academic Language			
Enduring Understanding	Essential Questions		
Mesopotamia was a blend of diverse cultures, whose unifying	What significant connection does the culture of Mesopotamia		
aspects were the rise of the concept of a city and written	have to me?		
language.	What were the elements of the culture which developed in		
Mesopotamia is credited with the domestication of animals,	ancient Mesopotamia?		
agriculture, irrigation, sailboats, weapons of war, the chariot, the	How did geography influence the development of ancient		
demarcation of hours, minutes and seconds.	Mesopotamian cultures?		
The river systems in Mesopotamia provided enough fertile land	11050pominan cultures:		
to support the growing populations. Religion was based on the			
success and failure of the irrigation, crops and harvests.			

Differentiation				
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At-risk	 Purposeful seating Counselor involvement Parent involvement 	ContractsAlternate assessmentsHands-on learning
	21st Co	entury Skills
CreativityInnovationCritical Thinking		Problem SolvingCommunicationCollaboration
	Integra	ting Technology
ChromebooksInternet researchOnline programs		 Virtual collaboration and projects Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Social Studies	Grade 6	Unit 4 Ancient	Trimester 2
		Egypt	

Focus Indicator		
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6.2.8.C.2.a	Explain how technological advancements led to greater economic specialization, improved weaponry, trade, and the development of a class system in early river valley civilizations.	
6.2.8.D.2.a	Analyze the impact of religion on daily life, government, and culture in various early river valley civilizations.	
6.2.8.D.2.b	Explain how the development of written language transformed all aspects of life in early river valley civilizations.	
6.2.8.D.2.c	Analyze the factors that led to the rise and fall of various early river valley civilizations and determine whether there was a common pattern of growth and decline.	
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	appropriate.
W.6.8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and
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	appropriate.
W.6.8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and
	quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic
	bibliographic information for sources.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
 Social Studies Centers Discussions Quizzes Student Responses Entrance/Exit Slips Suggested Primary Resources 	 Test Common Assessment Essay Project Suggested Supplemental Resources Ancient Civilizations Interactive Notebook Ancient Civilization Reading Passages Ancient Civilization STEM Activities Mr. Corwin YouTube Videos Online Resources 6th Grade Social Studies Google Drive
Cross-Curricu	lar Connections
 Informational reading in social studies. Informational writing in social studies using similar structures. Consistent Academic Language 	
Enduring Understanding	Essential Questions
 Ancient Egypt considered to be the greatest of the ancient civilizations and is credited with architectural innovation, agriculture, burial techniques, mythology, organized sports, glasswork and metallurgy. The river systems in Egypt provided enough fertile land to support the growing populations. Religion was based on the success and failure of the irrigation, crops and harvests. 	 What were the elements of the culture which developed in ancient Egypt? How did geography influence the development of ancient Egyptian cultures?

Differentiation

504	 preferential seating extended time on tests and assignments reduced homework or classwork verbal, visual, or technology aids 	 modified textbooks or audio-video materials behavior management support adjusted class schedules or grading verbal testing
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection 	 Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals
IEP	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Graphic organizers 	 Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge 	 Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
At-risk	Purposeful seatingCounselor involvementParent involvement	 Contracts Alternate assessments Hands-on learning

21st Century Skills				
 Creativity Innovation Critical Thinking Problem Solving Communication Collaboration 				
Integrating Technology				
ChromebooksInternet researchOnline programs	 Virtual collaboration and projects Presentations using presentation hardware and software 			

Social Studies	Grade 6	Unit 5 Ancient	Trimester 3
		Greece	

Focus Indicator		
6.2.8.A.3.b	6.2.8.A.3.b Compare and contrast the rights and responsibilities of free men, women, slaves, and foreigners in the political, economic, and social structures of classical civilizations.	
6.2.8.A.3.c	6.2.8.A.3.c Determine the foundational concepts and principles of Athenian democracy and the Roman Republic that later influenced the development of the United States Constitution.	
6.2.8.A.3.d	Compare the status (i.e., political, economic, and social) of groups in the Ancient World to those of people today and evaluate how individuals perceived the principles of liberty and equality then and now.	
6.2.8.A.3.e	Compare and contrast the American legal system with the legal systems of classical civilizations, and determine the extent to which these early systems influenced our current legal system.	
6.2.8.B.3.a	Determine how geography and the availability of natural resources influenced the development of the political, economic, and cultural systems of each of the classical civilizations and provided motivation for expansion.	
6.2.8.B.3.b	Explain how geography and the availability of natural resources led to both the development of Greek city-states and to their decline.	
6.2.8.C.3.a	Analyze the impact of expanding land and sea trade routes as well as a uniform system of exchange in the Mediterranean World and Asia.	
6.2.8.C.3.b	Explain how classical civilizations used technology and innovation to enhance agricultural/ manufacturing output and commerce, to expand military capabilities, to improve life in urban areas, and to allow for greater division of labor	
6.2.8.D.3.a	Compare and contrast social hierarchies in classical civilizations as they relate to power, wealth, and equality.	

6.2.8.D.3.c	Evaluate the importance and enduring legacy of the major achievements of Greece, Rome, India, and China over time.
6.2.8.D.3.e	Determine the extent to which religion, economic issues, and conflict shaped the values and decisions of the classical civilizations.
	Companion Standards
RH.6-8.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.
RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly. B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons. D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented
W.6.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented
W.6.7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.

W.6.8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and
	quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic
	bibliographic information for sources.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
Debate	Unit Test
Group Work	Midterm
Quick Writing	• Essay
 Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories 	• Project
of the impact of geography on Ancient Greek life.	
 Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of 	
the great leaders of the Greek Empire.	
 Socratic seminar and Literature Circles 	
Primary source close reading	
• Use of maps and data to identify major locations in Ancient	
Greece	
• Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I:	
Technology and Digital Literacy)	
 Development and expression (either in writing or through multi- 	
media presentation software) of an argument supporting or	
refuting the significance of Greek Democracy.	
• Identification and analysis of the significant technological	
advances in Ancient Greece	
• Research and present an overview of the evolution of the city	
state of Athens or Sparta.	
Suggested Primary Resources	Suggested Supplemental Resources

• N/A	Teachers Pay Teachers shared folder
	Primary Documents (Political, Social)
	Art and Music Excerpts
	 Videos and Film Excerpts
Cross-Curricular Connections	

- Informational reading in social studies.
 Informational writing in social studies using similar structures.
- Consistent Academic Language

Enduring Understanding	Essential Questions
 Cultures developed in Greece impacted contemporary civilization by providing a baseline for philosophical political and scientific thinking, high bars in the fine arts and athletics, as well as military strategies that enabled those elements to persist, 	 What were the elements of the culture which developed in Ancient Greece? How did geography influence the development of ancient Greek cultures? What significant connection does the culture of Ancient Greece have to me?

Differentiation		
504	 preferential seating extended time on tests and assignments reduced homework or classwork verbal, visual, or technology aids 	 modified textbooks or audio-video materials behavior management support adjusted class schedules or grading verbal testing
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection 	 Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals

IEP	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Graphic organizers 	 Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge 	 Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
At-risk	 Purposeful seating Counselor involvement Parent involvement 	ContractsAlternate assessmentsHands-on learning
	21st Century	Skills
 Creativity Innovation Critical Thinking Problem Solving Communication Collaboration 		Communication
	Integrating Te	chnology

Chromebooks	Virtual collaboration and projects
Internet research	 Presentations using presentation hardware and
Online programs	software

Social Studies	Grade 6	Unit 6 Ancient	Trimester 3
		Rome	

Focus Indicator		
6.2.8.A.3.b	6.2.8.A.3.b Compare and contrast the rights and responsibilities of free men, women, slaves, and foreigners in the political, economic, and social structures of classical civilizations.	
6.2.8.A.3.c	6.2.8.A.3.c Determine the foundational concepts and principles of Athenian democracy and the Roman Republic that later influenced the development of the United States Constitution.	
6.2.8.A.3.d	Compare the status (i.e., political, economic, and social) of groups in the Ancient World to those of people today and evaluate how individuals perceived the principles of liberty and equality then and now.	
6.2.8.A.3.e	Compare and contrast the American legal system with the legal systems of classical civilizations, and determine the extent to which these early systems influenced our current legal system.	
6.2.8.B.3.a	Determine how geography and the availability of natural resources influenced the development of the political, economic, and cultural systems of each of the classical civilizations and provided motivation for expansion.	
6.2.8.C.3.a	Analyze the impact of expanding land and sea trade routes as well as a uniform system of exchange in the Mediterranean World and Asia.	
6.2.8.C.3.b	Explain how classical civilizations used technology and innovation to enhance agricultural/ manufacturing output and commerce, to expand military capabilities, to improve life in urban areas, and to allow for greater division of labor	
6.2.8.D.3.a	Compare and contrast social hierarchies in classical civilizations as they relate to power, wealth, and equality.	
6.2.8.D.3.b	Determine common factors that contributed to the decline and fall of the Roman Empire, Gupta India, and Han China	

6.2.8.D.3.c	Evaluate the importance and enduring legacy of the major achievements of Greece, Rome, India, and China over time.
6.2.8.D.3.e	Determine the extent to which religion, economic issues, and conflict shaped the values and decisions of the classical civilizations.
	Companion Standards
RH.6-8.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.
RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly. B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons. D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented
W.6.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented
W.6.7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.

W.6.8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and
	quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic
	bibliographic information for sources.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
Debate	Unit Test
Group Work	Midterm
Quick Writing	• Essay
 Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories 	Project
of the impact of geography on Ancient Greek life.	
 Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of 	
the great leaders of the Greek Empire.	
 Socratic seminar and Literature Circles 	
 Primary source close reading 	
• Use of maps and data to identify major locations in the Roman	
Empire	
• Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I:	
Technology and Digital Literacy)	
 Development and expression (either in writing or through multi- 	
media presentation software) of an argument supporting or	
refuting the significance of the Roman military.	
• Identification and analysis of the significant technological	
advances in Ancient Rome	
• Research and present an overview of the evolution of the city of	
Rome.	
Suggested Primary Resources	Suggested Supplemental Resources

• N/A	 Teachers Pay Teachers shared folder Primary Documents (Political, Social) Art and Music Excerpts Videos and Film Excerpts 	
Cross-Curricular Connections		
 Informational reading in social studies. Informational writing in social studies using similar structures. Consistent Academic Language Enduring Understanding Essential Questions 		
Cultures developed in Rome that impact contemporary civilization by providing a continuance of classical sciences and the humanities; the skill sets for the construction of aqueducts, bridges and roads; am organized blueprint for centralized government and the emergence of Romance languages.	 What were the elements of the culture which developed in Ancient Rome? How did geography influence the development of ancient Roman cultures? 	

Differentiation		
504	 preferential seating extended time on tests and assignments reduced homework or classwork verbal, visual, or technology aids 	 modified textbooks or audio-video materials behavior management support adjusted class schedules or grading verbal testing
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection 	 Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals

IEP	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Graphic organizers 	 Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge 	 Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
At-risk	 Purposeful seating Counselor involvement Parent involvement 	ContractsAlternate assessmentsHands-on learning
	21st Century S	kills
 Creativity Innovation Critical Thinking Problem Solving Communication Collaboration 		 Communication
	Integrating Tec	chnology

Chromebooks	Virtual collaboration and projects
Internet research	 Presentations using presentation hardware and
Online programs	software

Social Studies Grade 6	Unit 7 Middle Ages	Trimester 3
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Focus Indicator			
6.2.8.A.4.a	Analyze the role of religion and other means rulers used to unify and centrally govern expanding territories with diverse populations.		
6.2.8.A.4.b	Compare and contrast the Japanese and European systems of feudalism and the effectiveness of each in promoting social, economic, and political order.		
6.2.8.A.4.c	Determine the influence of medieval English legal and constitutional practices (i.e., the Magna Carta, parliament, the development of habeas corpus, and an independent judiciary) on modern democratic thought and institutions.		
6.2.8.B.4.a	Explain how geography influenced the development of the political, economic, and cultural centers of each empire as well as the empires' relationships with other parts of the world.		
6.2.8.B.4.e	Analyze the motivations for civilizations to modify the environment, determine the positive and negative consequences of environmental changes made during this time period, and relate these changes to current environmental challenges.		
6.2.8.B.4.f	Explain how the geographies and climates of Asia, Africa, Europe, and the Americas influenced their economic development and interaction or isolation with other societies.		
6.2.8.C.4.a	Explain how and why the interrelationships among improved agricultural production, population growth, urbanization, and commercialization led to the rise of powerful states and kingdoms (i.e., Europe, Asia, Americas).		
6.2.8.C.4.b	Determine the extent to which interaction between the Islamic world and medieval Europe increased trade, enhanced technology innovation, and impacted scientific thought and the arts		
6.2.8.D.4. a	Analyze the role of religion and economics in shaping each empire's social hierarchy, and evaluate the impact these hierarchical structures had on the lives of various groups of people.		

6.2.8.D.4.b	Analyze the causes and outcomes of the Crusades from different perspectives, including the perspectives of European political and religious leaders, the crusaders, Jews, Muslims, and traders.	
6.2.8.D.4.c	Assess the demographic, economic, and religious impact of the plague on Europe.	
6.2.8.D.4.d	Determine which events led to the rise and eventual decline of European feudalism.	
6.2.8.D.4.f	Determine the extent to which the Byzantine Empire influenced the Islamic world and western Europe.	
6.2.8.D.4.g	Evaluate the importance and enduring legacy of the major achievements of the people living Asia, Africa (Islam), Europe and the Americas over time	
	Companion Standards	
RH.6-8.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	
RH.6-8.2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	
RL.6.9	Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly. B. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons. D. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented	
W.6.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic	

W.6.8.	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
W.6.7.	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
	with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E. Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form. F. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
 Debate 	Unit Test
Group Work	Midterm
Quick Writing	• Essay
• Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories	 Project
of the impact of geography on Ancient Greek life.	
• Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of	
the great leaders of the Greek Empire.	
 Socratic seminar and Literature Circles 	
 Primary source close reading 	
• Use of maps and data to identify major locations in Medieval	
Europe	
• Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I:	
Technology and Digital Literacy)	

 Development and expression (either in writing or through multimedia presentation software) of an argument supporting or refuting the significance of Scholasticism. Identification and analysis of the significant wars during the Middle Ages Research and present an overview of the evolution of the Catholic Church during the Middle Ages. 	Constant Constant December 2	
Suggested Primary Resources	Suggested Supplemental Resources	
• N/A	Teachers Pay Teachers shared folder	
	Primary Documents (Political, Social)	
	Art and Music Excerpts	
	 Videos and Film Excerpts 	
Cross-Curricular Connections		
 Informational reading in social studies. 		
 Informational writing in social studies using similar structures. 		
Consistent Academic Language		
Enduring Understanding	Essential Questions	
The cultures of the modern world are based on the preservation	What elements of ancient cultures were preserved by scholars	
of ancient cultures that took place during the Middle Ages. The	during the Middle Ages?	
story of the protection and maintenance of those ideas and art	What elements of the culture that evolved during the Middle	
forms helps students to understand and respect modern cultures.	Ages are present in American culture today?	

Differentiation		
504	 preferential seating extended time on tests and assignments reduced homework or classwork verbal, visual, or technology aids 	 modified textbooks or audio-video materials behavior management support adjusted class schedules or grading verbal testing

Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection 	 Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals
IEP	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Graphic organizers 	 Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge 	 Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
At-risk	Purposeful seatingCounselor involvementParent involvement	ContractsAlternate assessmentsHands-on learning
1	21st Century S	Skills
CreatInnov	tivity vation	Problem SolvingCommunication

Critical Thinking	Collaboration
Integrating Tec	chnology
ChromebooksInternet researchOnline programs	 Virtual collaboration and projects Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Appendix A

Audubon Public Schools

Engaging Students ~ Fostering Achievement ~ Cultivating 21st Century Global Skills Written By: Lisa McGilloway Revised By: Beth Canzanese

Course Title: 6th Grade Social Studies Unit Name: Culture Grade Level: 6

June, 2017

Content Statements and Rationale:	NJSLS:
	6.1.12.D.3.e
Culture is the tapestry of the arts and other intellectual achievements, including philosophy,	Companion Standards:
religion, customs, fine arts and social institutions. The elements of past cultures have persisted	RH 6-8.1,4-10 WHST 6-8.2
throughout history. Studying their evolution connects us to the past and to each other.	WIIST 0-0.2
Overarching Essential Questions:	Overarching Enduring Understandings:
Why is it valuable to study the evolution of culture?	Every culture has unique and specific elements which define it. Studying past cultures helps us understand and appreciate present cultures.
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:
What is culture?	Culture is the manifestation of human intellectual achievement. It is identified by the

How can I identify elements of the culture of my world and of the rest of the world?	way people live, the art they create and what they think about.
	I can learn about culture by doing things like, listening to music, looking at art, watching a theatrical production, reading the thoughts of philosophers and writers, looking for patterns in social media, understanding the way technology impacts us and paying attention to the rituals people follow.
Benchmarks (Assessments to determine the extent to which students have mastered the non-negotiable	Unit Student Learning Overview (What will the students do to demonstrate learning in this unit):
skills for this unit, as referenced in the NJ Content and Common Core Standards.	Close reading and précis of primary documents and/or visual and audio clips from the time period
Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts	Engagement during Socratic Seminar and Discussion
Development of an argument supporting or refuting the ways I which art and music reflect culture.	Capacity to research, analyze and report salient information
Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of technology.	
Presentation of an comparison and contrast of American culture and one other country.	
Digital Literacy Benchmarks:	
Executive Functioning Benchmarks:	
Key Terms (Essential Vocabulary):	

Culture **Symbols** Language Transmission Gestures Values **Value Conflict** Norms **Folkways** Mores **Taboo Culture Shock** Multicultural Counterculture **Subculture Global Village Fine Arts Philosophy** Intellectual Ideas **Resources:** Internet **Media Center Databases Classroom Texts**

Primary Documents (Political, Social)

Art and Music Excerpts Videos and Film Excerpts **Suggested Activities for Inclusion in Lesson Planning**

Interdisciplinary Connections are identified with and I, followed by the related content area(s):

Socratic seminar and Literature Circles

Primary source close reading

Use of maps and data to identify major locations of museums, theaters and other fine arts venues in the world.

Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I: Technology and Digital Literacy)

Development and expression (either in writing or through multi-media presentation software) of an argument supporting or refuting the significance of social media.

Identification and analysis of the significant technological advances in the past ten years.

Research and present an overview of the culture of MAS.

Modifications for Special Education Students, ELLs and Gifted Students (As they apply to this course level):

Special Needs – Students with IEPs will be placed in classes with additional instructional support, delivered in a co-teaching model. Students with 504s will receive the support those documents dictate.

ELL – Language support, as needed. Utilization of experience and information, as applicable. Opportunities for students to write or communicate in their native language, as availability of translation allows. Depending on the level of acquisition, opportunities to write instead of speaking; and opportunities to practice speaking.

Suggested Timeline:

Gifted Learners – Deeper investigations of content and primary documents; close reading tasks, where possible; lead roles during Socratic Seminars

Mainstream Learners – Formative assessments to gage understanding and learning; close reading and participation in Socratic Seminar

Appendix

Differentiation			
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals 		

Intervention & Modification	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors Graphic organizers 			
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers 			
	21st Century Skills			
 Problen 	ion Thinking n Solving nication			

Integrating Technology

- Chromebooks
- Internet research
- Online programs
- Virtual collaboration and projects
- Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Audubon Public Schools

Engaging Students ~ Fostering Achievement ~ Cultivating 21st Century Global Skills Written By: Lisa McGilloway Revised By: Beth Canzanese

Course Title: 6th Grade Social Studies Unit Name: Early Man Grade Level: 6

Approved, June, 2017

Content	Statements	and	Rationale:	NJSLS:
The study of early man teaches us that what we leave behind often tells more about what we were than our words; it also reminds us that there is much we do not know along the vast timeline of prehistory. We can know some things about the		hat we were at there is timeline of	6.2.8.A-D.1 All Companion Standards:	
culture of e	early man and the	y serve to	show us that	RH 6-8.1.4-10
distant pas	connection to hum t.	an being	s in our very	WHST 6-8.1-2
Overarchin	ng Essential Quest	ions:		Overarching Enduring Understandings:
				Many changes took place as human beings began to
				live longer and began to move to different places.

What significant connection does the culture of Early Man have to me?	Prehistoric cultures give us an understanding of why we follow certain rituals and why we behave in certain ways,
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:
How do we know about the culture established by prehistoric people	We know about the culture of Early Human Beings by finding and studying the things they made and the food they ate.
What do we know about the culture established by prehistoric people? How did geography impact Early Man?	Early human beings spent most of their day surviving - gathering food and protecting themselves against the climate and other animals. Eventually they began to draw pictures to show events like hunting. We know they invented and discovered things that helped them to survive and to eventually settle in one place, like making fire, using tools, domesticating animals and farming. Climate impacted survival of certain human beings and geography determined the capacity to travel great distances.
Benchmarks (Assessments to determine the extent to which students have mastered the non-negotiable skills for this unit, as referenced in the NJ Content and Common Core Standards.	Unit Student Learning Overview (What will the students do to demonstrate learning in this unit): Close reading and précis of primary documents and/or visual and audio clips from the time period
Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts	Engagement during Socratic Seminar and Discussion

Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories of the impact of geography on Early Man.	Capacity to research, analyze and report salient information
Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of Early Man	
Presentation of the cave drawings.	
Digital Literacy Benchmarks:	
Executive Functioning Benchmarks:	
Key Terms (Essential Vocabulary):	
Environment	
Tools	
Technology	
Band.	
Clan	
Paleolithic	
Mesolithic	

Neolithic
Ritual
Hominid
Homo Habilis
Homo Erectus
Homo Sapiens
Homo Sapien Sapiens
Genus
Hunter-Gatherer
Ice Age
Land Bridge
Glacier
Resources:
Internet Media Center Databases Classroom Texts

Primary Documents (Political, Social) Art and Music Excerpts Videos and Film Excerpts

Suggested Activities for Inclusion in Lesson Planning

Interdisciplinary Connections are identified with and I, followed by the related content area(s):

Socratic seminar and Literature Circles

Primary source close reading

Use of maps and data to identify major locations of prehistoric human settlements.

Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I: Technology and Digital Literacy)

Development and expression (either in writing or through multi-media presentation software) of an argument supporting or refuting the significance of the discovery of agricultural.

Identification and analysis of the significant technological advances in prehistoric times.

Research and present an overview of the migration of Early Man.

Modifications for Special Education Students, ELLs and Gifted Students (As they apply to this course level):

Special Needs – Students with IEPs will be placed in classes with additional instructional support, delivered in a co-teaching model. Students with 504s will receive the support those documents dictate.

ELL – Language support, as needed. Utilization of experience and information, as applicable. Opportunities for students to write or communicate in their native language, as availability of translation allows. Depending on

Suggested Timeline:

the level of acquisition, opportunities to write instead of speaking; and opportunities to practice speaking.

Gifted Learners – Deeper investigations of content and primary documents; close reading tasks, where possible; lead roles during Socratic Seminars

Mainstream Learners – Formative assessments to gage understanding and learning; close reading and participation in Socratic Seminar

Appendix

Enrichment Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals

Intervention & Modification	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors Graphic organizers 	
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers 	
21st Century Skills		
 Problem 	ion Thinking n Solving nication	

Integrating Technology

- Chromebooks
- Internet research
- Online programs
- Virtual collaboration and projects
- Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Audubon Public Schools

Engaging Students ~ Fostering Achievement ~ Cultivating 21st Century Global Skills

Written By: Lisa McGilloway Revised By: Beth Canzanese

Course Title: 6th Grade Social Studies

Unit Name: Ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia Grade Level: 6

Approved June, 2017

Content	Statements	and	Rationale:	NJSLS:
modern west creativity, in government civilizations the aspects of time. Cultur Mesopotam humanities: evolved into the challeng population a	rn civilizations a stern culture. Un- nnovation, techno- al/military system connects student of our culture that res developed in a ia include all of to the first armies political entities ges of the exponer and the civilization	derstandin plogy and ns of the fi ts to their p at stand the ancient Eg he sciences emerged, p and techn atially grove	g the first western past and to e test of ypt and s and the religion ology met wing lld develop	6.2.8.A.1 All Companion Standards RH 6-8.1-4,10 WHST 6-8.2

Overarching Essential Questions:	Overarching Enduring Understandings:	
What significant connection does the culture of Mesopotamia and Ancient Egypt have to me?	Cultures developed in ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia that impact contemporary civilization by providing a lasting blueprint for the sciences and the humanities. A well-developed culture began in ancient Mesopotamia and was influenced in part by the geography of the region. A complex culture developed around the Nile River Valley in ancient Egypt.	
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:	
What were the elements of the culture which developed in ancient Mesopotamia? What were the elements of the culture which developed in ancient Egypt? How did geography influence the development of ancient Mesopotamian and Egyptian cultures?	Mesopotamia was a blend of diverse cultures, whose unifying aspects were the rise of the concept of a city and written language. It is credited with the domestication of animals, agriculture, irrigation, sailboats, weapons of war, the chariot, the demarcation of hours, minutes and seconds. Ancient Egypt considered to be the greatest of the ancient civilizations and is credited with architectural innovation, agriculture, burial techniques, mythology, organized sports, glasswork and metallurgy.	
	The river systems in Mesopotamia and Egypt provided enough fertile land to support the growing populations. Religion was based on the success and failure of the irrigation, crops and harvests.	

Benchmarks (Assessments to determine the extent to which students have mastered the non-negotiable skills for this unit, as referenced in the NJ Content and Common Core Standards.

Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts

Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories of the building of the pyramids

Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of the great leaders of Mesopotamia and Egypt

Presentation of Mesopotamian culture

Digital Literacy Benchmarks:

Executive Functioning Benchmarks:

Unit Student Learning Overview (What will the students do to demonstrate learning in this unit):

Close reading and précis of primary documents and/or visual and audio clips from the time period

Engagement during Socratic Seminar and Discussion

Capacity to research, analyze and report salient information

Key Terms (Essential Vocabulary):

Archeology

Artifact

Tigris and Euphrates

Mesopotamia

Empire

Cradle of Civilization

Sumer

Irrigation

Ziggurat

Cuneiform

Priest-King

Gilgamesh

Akkadians Sargon I

Hammurabi

Ankh

Cartouche

Ka

Mummy

Papyrus

Pharaoh

Pyramid

Sarcophagus

Scarab

Temple

The Nile

Valley of the Kings

Hieroglyphics

Cleopatra

King Tut

Ramses the Great

Resources:

Internet

Media Center Databases

Classroom Texts

Primary Documents (Political, Social)

Art and Music Excerpts

Videos and Film Excerpts

Suggested Activities for Inclusion in Lesson Planning

Interdisciplinary Connections are identified with and I, followed by the related content area(s):

Socratic seminar and Literature Circles

Primary source close reading

Use of maps and data to identify major locations in Mesopotamia and Egypt

Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I: Technology and Digital Literacy)

Development and expression (either in writing or through multi-media presentation software) of an argument supporting or refuting the significance of mythology

Identification and analysis of the significant technological advances in Mesopotamia and Ancient Egypt Research and present an overview of the evolution of the city

Modifications for Special Education Students, ELLs and Gifted Students (As they apply to this course level):

Special Needs – Students with IEPs will be placed in classes with additional instructional support, delivered in a co-teaching model. Students with 504s will receive the support those documents dictate.

ELL – Language support, as needed. Utilization of experience and information, as applicable. Opportunities for students to write or communicate in their native language, as availability of translation allows. Depending on the level of acquisition, opportunities to write instead of speaking; and opportunities to practice speaking.

Suggested Timeline:

Gifted Learners – Deeper investigations of content and primary documents; close reading tasks, where possible; lead roles during Socratic Seminars

Mainstream Learners – Formative assessments to gage understanding and learning; close reading and participation in Socratic Seminar

Appendix

Enrichment • Utilize collaborative media tools • Provide differentiated feedback • Opportunities for reflection • Encourage student voice and input • Model close reading • Distinguish long term and short term goals

Intervention & Modification	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors Graphic organizers
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
	21st Century Skills
 Problen 	ion Thinking n Solving unication

Integrating Technology

- Chromebooks
- Internet research
- Online programs
- Virtual collaboration and projects
- Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Audubon Public Schools

Engaging Students ~ Fostering Achievement ~ Cultivating 21st Century Global Skills Written By: Lisa McGilloway Revised By: Beth Canzanese

Course Title: 6th Grade Social Studies Unit Name: Ancient Greece Grade Level: 6 Approved June, 2017

Content Statements and Rationale:	NJSLS:
Early western civilizations are the foundation of modern western culture. Understanding the creativity, innovation, technology and governmental/military systems of the first western civilizations connects students to their past and to the aspects of our culture that stand the test of time. Cultures developed in Ancient Greece established the foundations of philosophy, military strategy, democracy, the fine arts and organized sports.	6.2.8.A-B.3 All Companion Standards: RH 6-8 1,.4-10 WHST 6-8. 2

Overarching Essential Questions:	Overarching Enduring Understandings:
What significant connection does the culture of Ancient Greece have to me?	Cultures developed in Greece impacted contemporary civilization by providing a baseline for philosophical political and scientific thinking, high bars in the fine arts and athletics, as well as military strategies that enabled those elements to persist,
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:
What were the elements of the culture which developed in Ancient Greece? How did geography influence the development of ancient Greek cultures?	Greek Culture included both militaristic and democratic governments; successful military strategies; the concept of the ideal in both art and philosophy; the foundations of science; the birth of the theater, the organization of athletics and the formulation of a rich and sustained mythology. The geography of Ancient Greece impacted culture through its proximity to the sea, which provided access to needed natural resources; through its mountainous terrain which prevented the growth of a large population and limited diet; and through a climate that supported an outdoor life.

Benchmarks (Assessments to determine the extent to which students have mastered the non-negotiable skills for this unit, as referenced in the NJ Content and Common Core Standards. Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories of the impact of geography on Ancient Greek life. Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of the great leaders of the Greek Empire. Presentation of Greek culture Digital Literacy Benchmarks: Executive Functioning Benchmarks:	Unit Student Learning Overview (What will the students do to demonstrate learning in this unit): Close reading and précis of primary documents and/or visual and audio clips from the time period Engagement during Socratic Seminar and Discussion Capacity to research, analyze and report salient information
Key Terms (Essential Vocabulary):	
peninsula acropolis aristocrat tyrant	

democracy		
oracle		
philosopher		
tragedy		
tribute		
agora		
helot		
plague		
blockade		
barbarian		
Hellenistic		
Resources:		
Internet Media Center Databases		
Classroom Texts		
Primary Documents (Political, Social)		

Videos and Film Excerpts

Suggested Activities for Inclusion in Lesson Planning

Interdisciplinary Connections are identified with and I, followed by the related content area(s):

Socratic seminar and Literature Circles

Primary source close reading

Use of maps and data to identify major locations in Ancient Greece

Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I: Technology and Digital Literacy)

Development and expression (either in writing or through multi-media presentation software) of an argument supporting or refuting the significance of Greek Democracy.

Identification and analysis of the significant technological advances in Ancient Greece

Research and present an overview of the evolution of the city state of Athens or Sparta.

Modifications for Special Education Students, ELLs and Gifted Students (As they apply to this course level):

Special Needs – Students with IEPs will be placed in classes with additional instructional support, delivered in a co-teaching model. Students with 504s will receive the support those documents dictate.

ELL – Language support, as needed. Utilization of experience and information, as applicable. Opportunities for students to write or communicate in their native language, as availability of translation allows. Depending on the level of acquisition, opportunities to write

Suggested Timeline:

instead of speaking; and opportunities to practice speaking.

Gifted Learners – Deeper investigations of content and primary documents; close reading tasks, where possible; lead roles during Socratic Seminars

Mainstream Learners – Formative assessments to gage understanding and learning; close reading and participation in Socratic Seminar

Appendix

	Differentiation
Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals

Intervention & Modification	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors Graphic organizers
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
	21st Century Skills
 Problen 	ion Thinking n Solving unication

Integrating Technology

- Chromebooks
- Internet research
- Online programs
- Virtual collaboration and projects
- Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Audubon Public Schools

Engaging Students ~ Fostering Achievement ~ Cultivating 21st Century Global Skills

Written By: Lisa McGilloway Revised By: Beth Canzanese

Course Title: 6th Grade Social Studies Unit Name: Ancient Rome Grade Level: 6

June, 2017

Content	Statements	and	Rationale:	NJSLS:
modern west creativity, in government civilizations the aspects time. Culture	ern civilizations and stern culture. Und novation, technotal/military system of our culture that res developed in Activities and the Control of the Control	lerstandi logy and ns of the is to thein at stand t Ancient I	ing the I first western r past and to he test of Rome were	6.2.8.A-B.3 All Companon Standards: RH 6-8.1, 4-10 WHST 6-8.2
advent of C	nitially by the Gr hristianity.	cens and	rater by the	
Overarchin	g Essential Quest	ions:		Overarching Enduring Understandings:

What significant connection does the culture of Ancient Rome have to me?	Cultures developed in Rome that impact contemporary civilization by providing a continuance of classical sciences and the humanities; the skill sets for the construction of aqueducts, bridges and roads; am organized blueprint for centralized government and the emergence of Romance languages.		
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:		
What were the elements of the culture which developed in Ancient Rome? How did geography influence the development of ancient Roman cultures?	Unit Enduring Understandings: Roman Culture was defined by economic status. The wealthy lived in big country homes and had many servants, their entertainment included theater productions. The poor lived in the city in substandard housing, their entertainment included chariot races and gladiator fights. The man was the head of any Roman family. All Romans shared family dinners and public baths. Their early religion included many gods and after Constantine, many converted to Christianity. Their system of law was based on the Code of Justinian. The geography of Ancient Rome provided protection from invasion, fertile land, trade routes and population diversity.		

Benchmarks (Assessments to determine the extent to which students have mastered the non-negotiable skills for this unit, as referenced in the NJ Content and Common Core Standards. Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories of the impact of Christianity on the Roman Empire Identification and analysis of the significant	Unit Student Learning Overview (What will the students do to demonstrate learning in this unit): Close reading and précis of primary documents and/or visual and audio clips from the time period Engagement during Socratic Seminar and Discussion Capacity to research, analyze and report salient information
accomplishments of the great leaders of the Roman Empire. Presentation of Roman culture	
Digital Literacy Benchmarks: Executive Functioning Benchmarks:	
Key Terms (Essential Vocabulary): republic	
consul patrician	
plebeian	

veto
dictator
Pax Romana
Colosseum
aqueduct
villa
circus
gladiator
Christianity
messiah
disciple
epistle
martyr
Constantine
mercenary

inflation			
Resources:			
Internet			
Media Center Databases Classroom Texts			
Primary Documents (Political, Social)			
Art and Music Excerpts Videos and Film Excerpts			
Suggested Activities for Inclusion in Lesson Planning Interdisciplinary Connections are identified with an			
Socratic seminar and Literature Circles			
Primary source close reading Use of maps and data to identify major locations in N			
Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I: Technology and Digital Literacy) Development and expression (either in writing or through multi-media presentation software) of an			
argument supporting or refuting the significance of the Roman military. Identification and analysis of the significant technological advances in Ancient Rome			
Research and present an overview of the evolution of the city of Rome.			
Modifications for Special Education Students, ELLs and Gifted Students (As they apply to this course	Suggested Timeline:		
level):	6 weeks		
Special Needs – Students with IEPs will be placed in classes with additional instructional support			

delivered in a co-teaching model. Students with 504s will receive the support those documents dictate.

ELL – Language support, as needed. Utilization of experience and information, as applicable. Opportunities for students to write or communicate in their native language, as availability of translation allows. Depending on the level of acquisition, opportunities to write instead of speaking; and opportunities to practice speaking.

Gifted Learners – Deeper investigations of content and primary documents; close reading tasks, where possible; lead roles during Socratic Seminars

Mainstream Learners – Formative assessments to gage understanding and learning; close reading and participation in Socratic Seminar

Appendix

Differentiation

Enrichment	 Utilize collaborative media tools Provide differentiated feedback Opportunities for reflection Encourage student voice and input Model close reading Distinguish long term and short term goals
Intervention & Modification	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors Graphic organizers
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
	21st Century Skills

- Creativity
- Innovation
- Critical Thinking
- Problem Solving
- Communication
- Collaboration

Integrating Technology

- Chromebooks
- Internet research
- Online programs
- Virtual collaboration and projects
- Presentations using presentation hardware and software

Audubon Public Schools

Engaging Students ~ Fostering Achievement ~ Cultivating 21st Century Global Skills
Written By: Lisa McGilloway Revised By: Beth Canzanese
Course Title: 6th Grade Social Studies
Unit Name: Middle Ages Grade Level: 6
Approved, June, 2017

Content Statements and Rationale:	NJSLS:
The cultures of the modern world are based on the	6.2.8.D.4 All
preservation of ancient cultures that took place during the Middle Ages. The story of the	l •
protection and maintenance of those ideas and art forms helps students to understand and respect	
modern cultures.	WHST 6-8.1-2

Overarching Essential Questions:	Overarching Enduring Understandings:			
What is the legacy of the Middle Ages?	Following the decline of the Roman empire a time period evolved in which the legacy of ancient cultures was preserved by medieval scholars.			
Unit Essential Questions:	Unit Enduring Understandings:			
What elements of ancient cultures were preserved by scholars during the Middle Ages?	The elements of ancient cultures that were persevered include philosophy, political thought, science and fine arts. In some cases, these ideas were respected and saved even though the scholars did not agree with the ideas.			
What elements of the culture that evolved during the Middle Ages are present in American culture today?	Modern Democracy is based on the ideas formulated and utilized in some Ancient Greek city states, like Athens. Middle Ages scholars also preserved and articulated Christianity.			
Benchmarks (Assessments to determine the extent to which students have mastered the non-negotiable skills for this unit, as referenced in the NJ Content and Common Core Standards. Précis of primary documents and multimedia	Unit Student Learning Overview (What will the students do to demonstrate learning in this unit): Close reading and précis of primary documents and/or visual and audio clips from the time period			
excerpts	Engagement during Socratic Seminar and Discussion			

Development of an argument supporting or refuting the theories of the impact of Christianity on the preservation of Ancient thought.	Capacity to information	research,	analyze	and	report	salient
Identification and analysis of the significant accomplishments of the great leaders and scholars of the Middle Ages.						
Presentation of Medieval Culture						
Digital Literacy Benchmarks:						
Executive Functioning Benchmarks:						
Key Terms (Essential Vocabulary):	<u> </u>					
Black Death						
Knights						
Peasants						
Feudal System						
Fealty						
Chivalry						
Pogroms						

Babylonian Captivity
Unam Sanctam
Great Schism
Hundred Years War
Third Estate
Scholasticism
Mysticism
Vernacular
Holy Roman Empire
Great Council
Resources:
Internet Media Center Data Bases Classroom Texts
Primary Documents (Political, Social) Art and Music Excerpts Videos and Film Excerpts

Suggested Activities for Inclusion in Lesson Planning

Interdisciplinary Connections are identified with and I, followed by the related content area(s):

Socratic seminar and Literature Circles

Primary source close reading

Use of maps and data to identify major locations in Medieval Europe

Précis of primary documents and multimedia excerpts (I: Technology and Digital Literacy)

Development and expression (either in writing or through multi-media presentation software) of an argument supporting or refuting the significance of Scholasticism.

Identification and analysis of the significant wars during the Middle Ages

Research and present an overview of the evolution of the Catholic Church during the Middle Ages.

Modifications for Special Education Students, ELLs and Gifted Students (As they apply to this course level):

Special Needs – Students with IEPs will be placed in classes with additional instructional support, delivered in a co-teaching model. Students with 504s will receive the support those documents dictate.

ELL – Language support, as needed. Utilization of experience and information, as applicable. Opportunities for students to write or communicate in their native language, as availability of translation allows. Depending on the level of acquisition, opportunities to write instead of speaking; and opportunities to practice speaking.

Suggested Timeline:

6 weeks

Gifted Learners – Deeper investigations of content and primary documents; close reading tasks, where possible; lead roles during Socratic Seminars

Mainstream Learners – Formative assessments to gage understanding and learning; close reading and participation in Socratic Seminar

Appendix

Enrichment • Utilize collaborative media tools • Provide differentiated feedback • Opportunities for reflection • Encourage student voice and input • Model close reading • Distinguish long term and short term goals

Intervention & Modification	 Utilize "skeleton notes" where some required information is already filled in for the student Provide access to a variety of tools for responses Provide opportunities to build familiarity and to practice with multiple media tools Leveled text and activities that adapt as students build skills Provide multiple means of action and expression Consider learning styles and interests Provide differentiated mentors Graphic organizers
ELLs	 Pre-teach new vocabulary and meaning of symbols Embed glossaries or definitions Provide translations Connect new vocabulary to background knowledge Provide flash cards Incorporate as many learning senses as possible Portray structure, relationships, and associations through concept webs Graphic organizers
	21st Century Skills
 Problen 	ion Thinking n Solving unication

Integrating Technology

- Chromebooks
- Internet research
- Online programs
- Virtual collaboration and projects
- Presentations using presentation hardware and software